

## West Bengal Medical Services Corporation Limited Swasthya Sathi GN-29, Salt Lake, Sector-V Kolkata-700091

Phone No (033) 40340308/319 E mail: procurement@wbmsc.gov.in / mp@wbmsc.gov.in

Procurement of Medical Equipment for National Blindness Control Programme & Visual Impairment

and Vision Centre

(Submission of Bid through online)

Bid Reference No.: WBMSCL/NIT-27/2021

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# The following amendment have been made in the tender document,

## <u>Amendment-I</u>

# Section I: Instructions to Tenderers

## A. Important information at a glance

#### 4. Annual Turnover requirements: (E)

The Tenderers should have annual sales turnover (i.e. total turnover of the company) of minimum on an average of last three financial years (2017-18, 2018-19, 2019-20) as per the Audited Accounts of the Organization as mentioned in the table below:

SI. No.	ITEM	Annual Turnover in Crore Rs.
1	Flash Autoclave	
2	Streak Retinoscope	
3	ND-Yag Laser	
4	Non-Mydriatic Fundus Camera	
5	Gonioscope	1.5
6	Indirect Ophthalmoscope	
7	Surgical Set for Cataract,	
	Glaucoma and Squint	
8	Microsurgical Instruments	
9	Vision Chart	

# <u>Amendment-II</u>

# **TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

## Sl. No. 1. Flash Autoclave

- 1. Chamber Volume (Litre) minimum 16
- 2. Microprocessor controlled
- 3. No of Trays 3 Tray
- 4. Temperature: 121°C and 134°C
- 5. Fully Automated
- 6. Safety & Standard: European CE or US FDA Certificate or BIS

#### Sl. No.2. Streak Retinoscope

- 1. The Streak retinoscope should be Parastop/ cylinder and the good fundus reflex and easier detection of the neutralization point.
- 2. It should be homogeneous xenon illumination for precise streak image quality offers an easy and quick observation of the fundus reflex.
- 3. It should be precise easy selection of a parallel beam.
- 4. It should be brilliant precise streak image with a line width of typically 1.1 mm and a line length of 35 mm for a very bright readily visible fundal reflex.
- 5. It should be stepless dimming from 3% to 100% with practical one finger operation.
- It should have all metal handle to hold 2D cells and the voltage range should be between 2.5V 3.5V.
- 7. It should have ergonomic shape and protect the orbita of examiner from stray lights.
- 8. It should have metal control which should be long lasting.
- 9. It should have single control for vergence and rotation for comfortable operation.
- 10. It should be maintenance free and dustproof.
- 11. It should have integrated polarization filter eliminates stray light and internal reflexes for a brighter fundus reflex.
- 12. It should have holder for fixation cards (optional) for dynamic retinoscopy.
- 13. Safety & Standard: European CE or US FDA Certificate or BIS

#### Sl. No.3. Nd Yag Laser

- 1. Laser type should be Q-switch (CQ-crystal) Nd YAG.
- The laser wave-length should be 1064 nm with mode of delivery beam
  Super/Gaussian/fundamental and optical breakdown being typically 2.5 millijoule in air.

- Astigmatism Distortion detection should be done 2 point aiming beam for highlighting astigmatic distortions.
- 4. The pulse duration should be less than 4 nano second (Typically 2-3 Ns) with maximum laser energy and pulse width should be in between 3 ns 5 ns.
  - a) Single pulse typically 10 millijoule
  - b) Double pulse typically 23 millijoule
  - c) Triple pulse typically 37 millijoule
- 5. The energy level should be 22 steps with a pulse repetition frequency of maximum 2.5 hz and a focused diameter of  $10\mu$ m in air ( $1/e^2$ ).
- 6. Machine should have burst model (1,2 or 3 pulse per burst).
- 7. Spot size should be 8  $\mu$ m (FWHM).
- 8. Angie of exit aperture should be 16 degree and the range should be within 15-17 degree with aiming beam laser diode preferably 670 nm, power  $5\mu$ W 150  $\mu$ W.
- 9. The focus shift variably should be preferably  $\pm 150 \ \mu$ m; 0-150  $\mu$ m with electrical connection 100-240 V,  $\pm 10\%$ , 50-60 Hz and the illumination of 12V; 30W halogen lamp adjustable.
- 10. The magnification should be  $\frac{5 \text{ step magnification}}{5 \text{ step magnification}}$  through Galliiean changer with 10X eye pieces and tube f = 140mm.
- 11. The tube should be parallel tube f-140mm with 50-78mm PD adjustment and convergent tube should be available as option.
- 12. Eye pieces should be 10X high eye point eye pieces with  $\pm 8$  Diopter compensation of emetropia; 12.5 X available as option.
- 13. A slit adjustment width should be 0-14mm, continuous length, in steps 1/3/5/9/14mm and the isolation transformer machine should isolation transfer for safe handling.
- 14. Ionization in water should be less than equal to 1 mili Joule.
- 15. Safety & Standard: European CE or US FDA Certificate or BIS

### Sl. No.4. Non mydriatic Fundus Camera

#### 1. It should be portable.

- 2. It should be angle of coverage 45/30 degree or equivalent (digital zoom).
- 3. It should have pupil diameter of 3.5mm or less.
- 4. The capture modes should be true colour (with red, green and blue channel separation).
- It should have facility to display the image on Laptop/ Monitor with high storage capability (atleast 1TB) and data transfer capabilities.
- 6. It should have minimum sensor resolution of 5 megapixels or more.
- 7. It should have acquisition speed of LIVE IR preview.
- 8. It should have a docking station
- 9. It should have a portable secured carrying case
- 10. Safety & Standard: European CE or US FDA Certificate or BIS

## Sl. No.5. Gonioscope

- 1. It should be 2 mirror lens.
- 2. It should be two opposing 62 degree mirrors providing a complete view of the anterior chamber angle with only a 180 degree lens rotation.
- 3. It should be available for use without methyl cellulose (NMR).
- 4. Lens magnification should be at least 0.80x.
- 5. Contact diameter should be 15 mm.
- 6. Lens height should be at least 20 mm.
- 7. Safety & Standard: European CE or US FDA Certificate or BIS

### Sl. No.6. Indirect Ophthalmoscope

- 1. Binocular Indirect Ophthalmoscope with LED illumination (wireless)
- 2. PD range : 55 75mm
- 3. Headband mounted with adjustable knob.
- 4. Full adjustable positioning of optics
- 5. Vertical light beam adjustment
- 6. Ergonomically adjustable Headband.
- 7. Aperture sizes: Large, medium, small
- 8. Filters: yellow, cobalt blue & red free & can be locked into a desired position.
- 9. Synchronized convergence & parallax adjustment
- 10. Fine tuning of the illumination beam
- 11. Diffuser to provide sort light, reducing glare and reflexes during examination
- 12. Rheostat control for Controlling LED illumination.
- 13. Rechargeable battery mounted on headband.
- 14. Accessories : + 20D & + 30D Aspheric Lens, Scleral indenter, Fundus chart, marking pencils
- 15. Carrying case
- 16. Standard safety measures regarding ophthalmology tissue damage.
- 17. Portable Charger.
- 18. Safety & Standard: European CE or US FDA Certificate or BIS

# Sl. No. 7. Surgical sets of cataract, Glaucoma surgery and Squint surgery (*Bidder*) should offer all the item in a package)

#### (a) Surgical sets of cataract

- 1. Wire speculum.
- 2. Libermann adjustable speculum.

- 3. Superior rectus forceps.
- 4. Small needle holder for bridle suture.
- 5. Lim's forceps (85mm length, 5mm platform).
- 6. St martin forceps.
- 7. Conjunctival spring scissors.
- 8. Vanuss scissors (angled), 85 mm length 6 mm cutting tip.
- 9. Sinskey hook (length 120mm, 10mm angulation).
- 10. Angled serrated wire vectis.
- 11. Irrigating vectis (23 g, 4mm width, 7mm long, 3 irrigating port).
- 12. Biway cannula (21G, 22G, 23G).
- 13. McPherson forceps (110mm length, 11mm angulation).
- 14. Uttrata's forceps.
- 15. Barraquer's needle holder (115mm).
- 16. Suture tier forceps (metal, length 110mm, platform 6mm).
- 17. Iris Repositer (length 110mm, angulation 10mm, width 0.5mm)
- 18. CTR Ring (material-PMMA, Normal Size-12mm, Compressed size-10mm, Fixation hooks-both side).
- 19. AC cannula (Metal, 8mm angulation blunt tip 21 G-27G)
- 20. Chopper (Phaco blunt and sharp).
- 21. Wet field cautery.

#### (b) Instrument for glaucoma surgery

- 1. Kelly's descemet's membrane punch forceps (Standard size).
- 2. Colibri forceps
- 3. Castroviejo corneal scissors.
- 4. Bard-Parker handle
- 5. Harms trabeculotome
- 6. Tooke's knife
- 7. Barkan's goniotomy lens
- 8. Goniotomy knife
- 9. Scieral punch
- 10. De Weker's scissors
- 11. Iris forceps

#### (c) Instrument for squint surgery

- 1. Castroviejo caliper
- 2. Knapp strabismus scissors
- 3. Non toothed dissecting forceps, (115 mm length)
- 4. Tissue forceps (long and short)
- 5. Upper lid retractor (Desmarre's)
- 6. Tancaster eye speculam
- 7. Graefe muscle hook size 1

- 8. Jameson muscle hook, large
- 9. Jameson muscle forceps, left
- 10. Jameson muscle forceps, right
- 11. Woth advancement forceps
- 12. Stevens tenotomy scissors
- 13. Arruga needle holder
- 14. Fixation forceps (2:3)
- 15. Plain dissecting forceps (without teeth and fine serration)
- 16. Bulldog clamp

### Sl. No.8. Microsurgical instruments

#### 1. Crescent knife

- 2. Keratome (2.8 mm, 3.2 mm)
- 3. Lancetip sideport knife

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